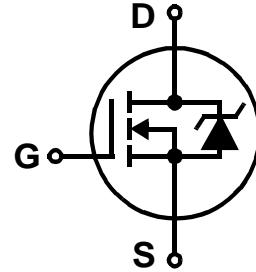


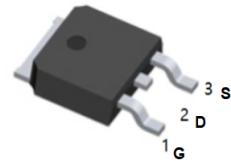
## Applications

- High Frequency Synchronous Buck  
Converters for Computer Processor Power
- High Frequency Isolated DC-DC  
Converters with Synchronous Rectification  
for Telecom and Industrial Use
- Lead-Free



## Benefits

- Very Low  $R_{DS(on)}$  at 4.5V  $V_{GS}$
- Ultra-Low Gate Impedance
- Fully Characterized Avalanche Voltage  
and Current



## Features

$V_{DS}(V) = 30V$

$I_D = 9.4A$  ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )

$R_{DS(ON)} < 6.5 \text{ m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )

TO-252(DPAK) top view

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	30	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	86④	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	61④	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	340	W
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	79	
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	39	$^\circ\text{C}$
	Linear Derating Factor	0.53	
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	

## Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	1.9	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) ③	—	50	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	110	

### Notes:

①Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max.junction temperature.

②StartingT=25°CCL=1.4mHRG=25Ω,  
 $I_{AS}=12A$ .

③ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

④ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package limitation current is 30A

⑤ When mounted on 1"square PCB(FR-4 or G-10 Material)  
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to

**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	22	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	5.2	6.5	m $\Omega$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 15\text{A}$ ③
		—	6.5	8.2		$V_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}, I_D = 12\text{A}$ ③
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.35	1.80	2.25	V	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{\text{GS(th)}}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-5.6	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{\text{DS}} = 24\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	150		$V_{\text{DS}} = 24\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	51	—	—	S	$V_{\text{DS}} = 15\text{V}, I_D = 12\text{A}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	17	26	nC	$V_{\text{DS}} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}$ $I_D = 12\text{A}$ See Fig. 16
$Q_{\text{gs1}}$	Pre-V <sub>th</sub> Gate-to-Source Charge	—	4.7	—		
$Q_{\text{gs2}}$	Post-V <sub>th</sub> Gate-to-Source Charge	—	1.6	—		
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	5.7	—		
$Q_{\text{godr}}$	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	5.0	—		
$Q_{\text{sw}}$	Switch Charge ( $Q_{\text{gs2}} + Q_{\text{gd}}$ )	—	7.3	—	ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 16\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}$ ③ $I_D = 12\text{A}$ Clamped Inductive Load
$Q_{\text{oss}}$	Output Charge	—	10	—		
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	12	—		
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	12	—		
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	15	—	pF	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ $V_{\text{DS}} = 15\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	3.9	—		
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	—	2330	—		
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	460	—		
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	230	—		

**Avalanche Characteristics**

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$E_{\text{AS}}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	100	mJ
$I_{\text{AR}}$	Avalanche Current ①	—	12	A
$E_{\text{AR}}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	—	7.9	mJ

**Diode Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	86 <sup>④</sup>	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	340		
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.0	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 12\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ③
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	29	44	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 12\text{A}, V_{\text{DD}} = 15\text{V}$ $dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	25	37	nC	
$t_{\text{on}}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

**Notes:**

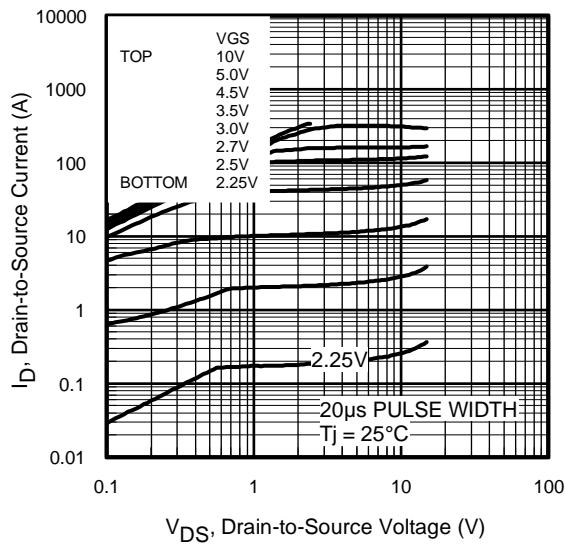
① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max.junction temperature.

② Starting  $T=25^\circ\text{C} CL=1.4\text{mHRG}=25\Omega$ ,  $I_{\text{AS}}=12\text{A}$ .

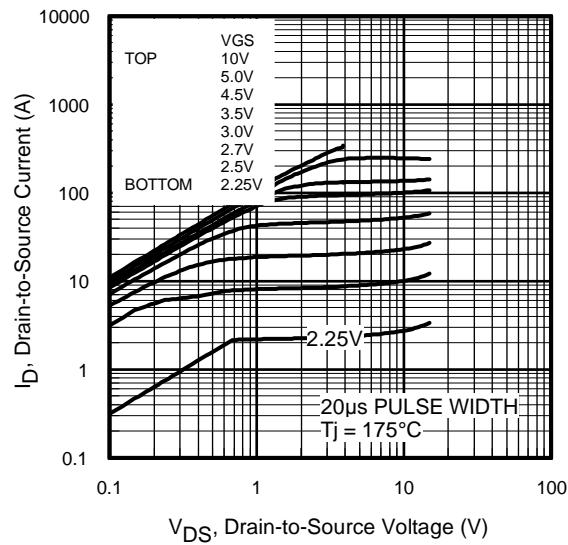
③ Pulse width  $\leq 400\text{us}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

④ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package limitation current is 30A

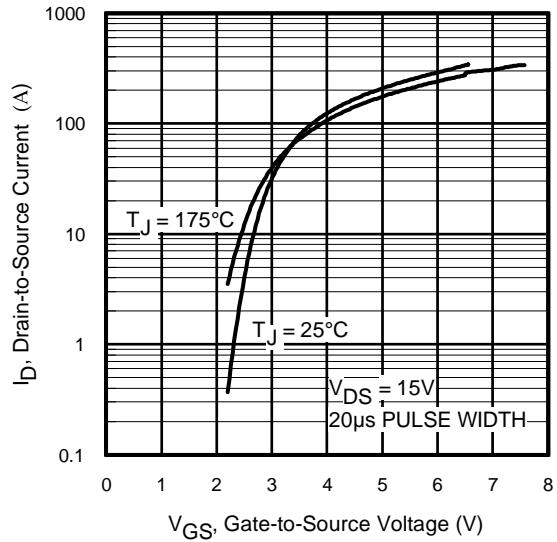
⑤ When mounted on 1" square PCB(FR-4 or G-10 Material) For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to



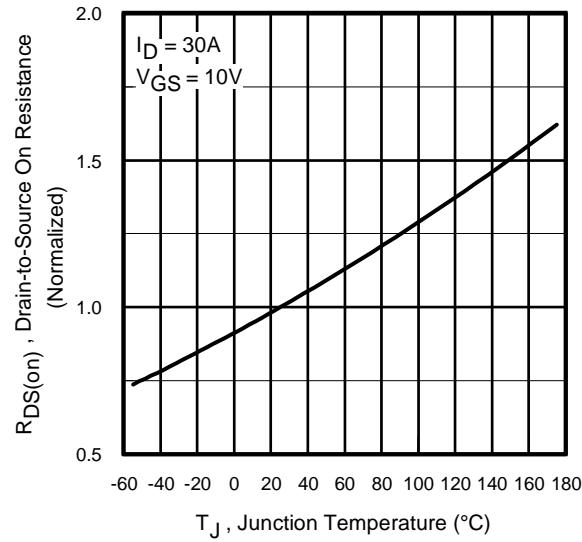
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



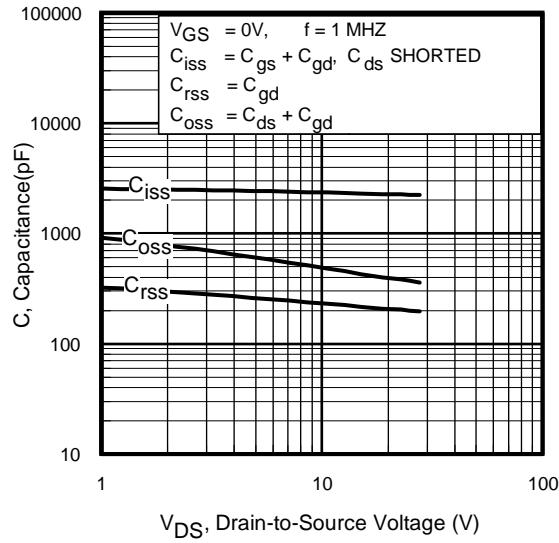
**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



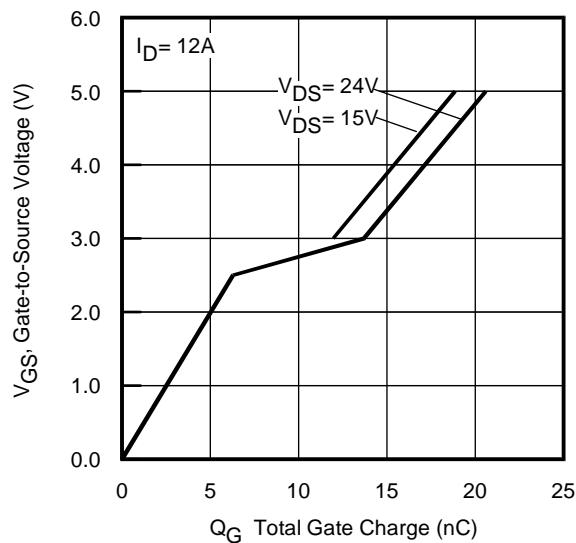
**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



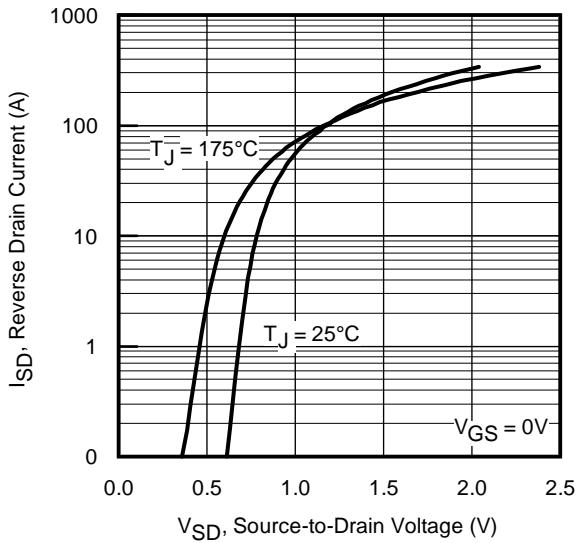
**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance  
vs. Temperature



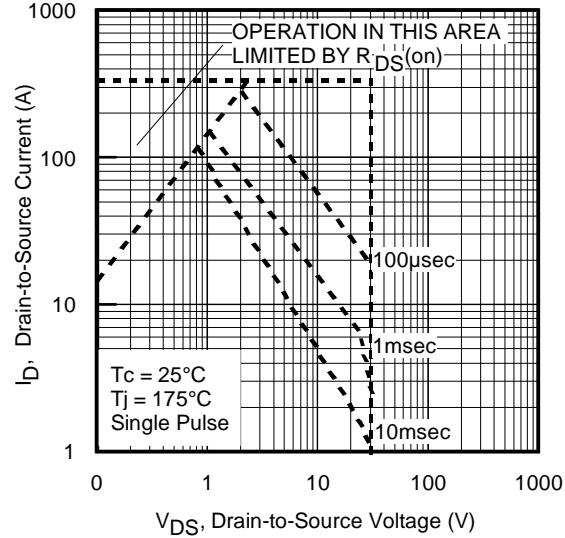
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance vs.  
Drain-to-Source Voltage



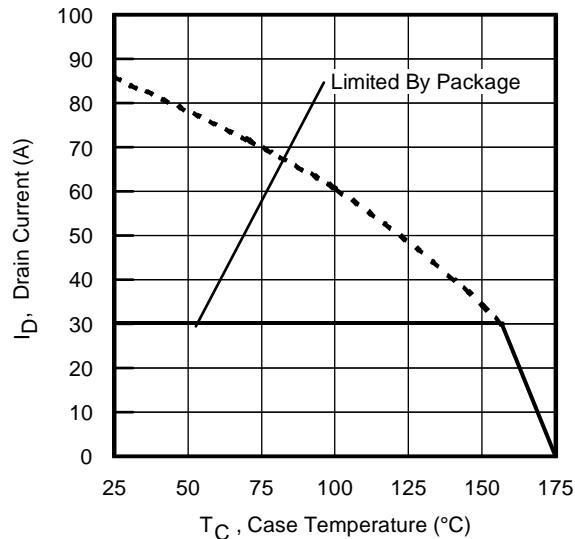
**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge vs.  
Gate-to-Source Voltage



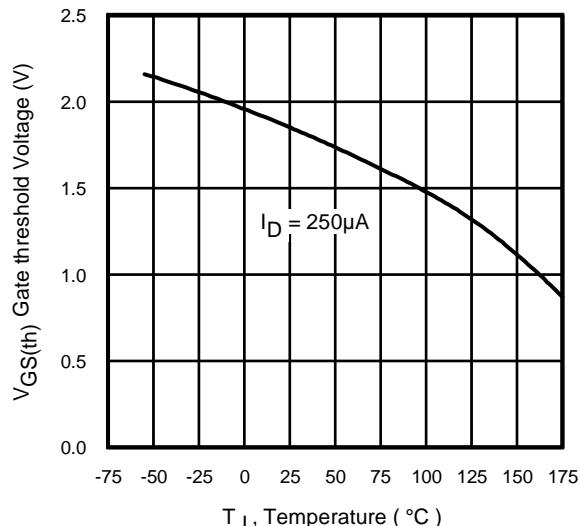
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode  
Forward Voltage



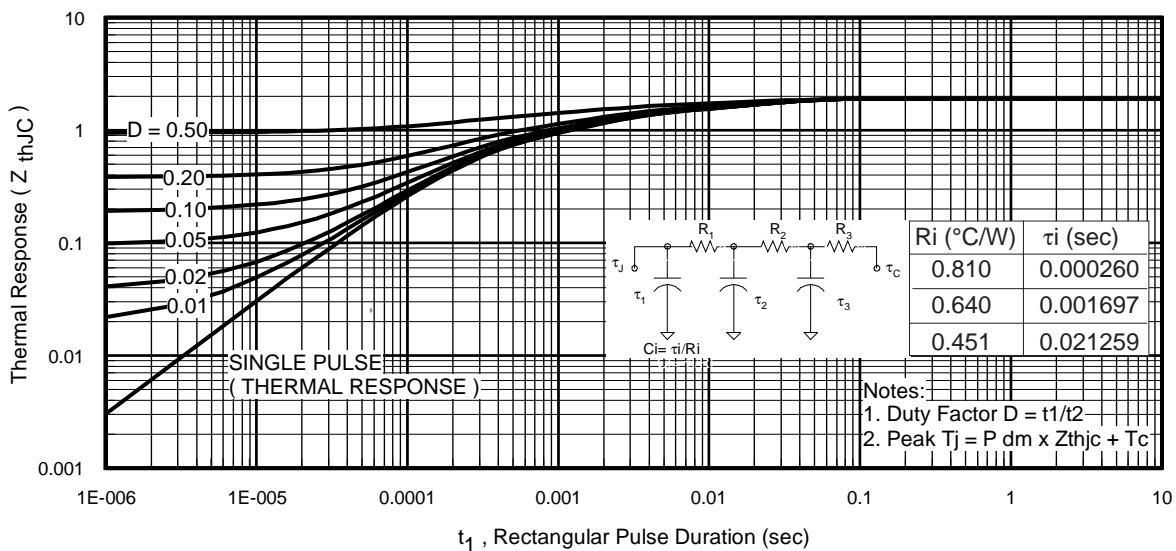
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



**Fig 10.** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

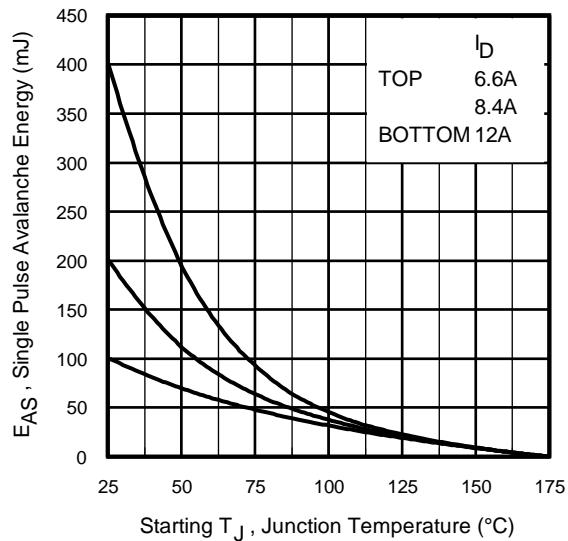
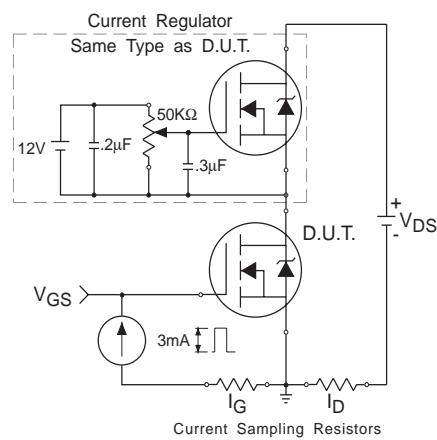
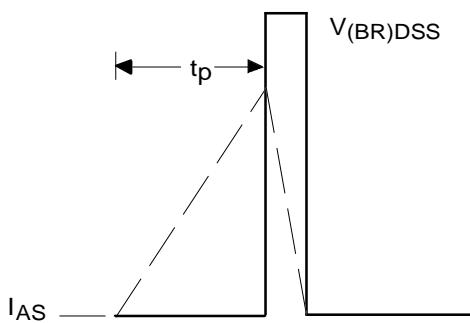
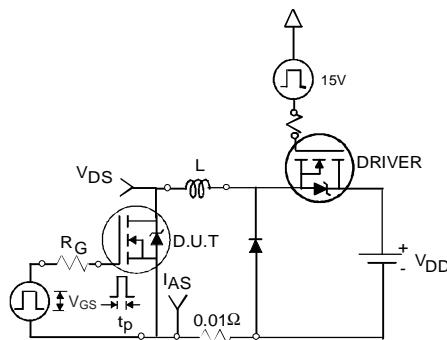
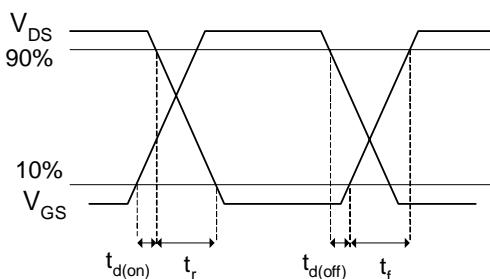
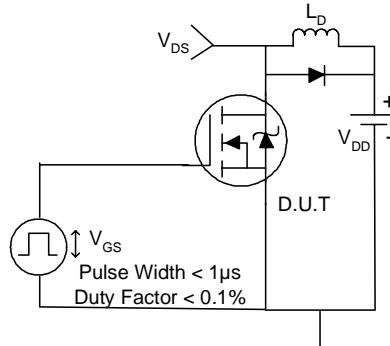
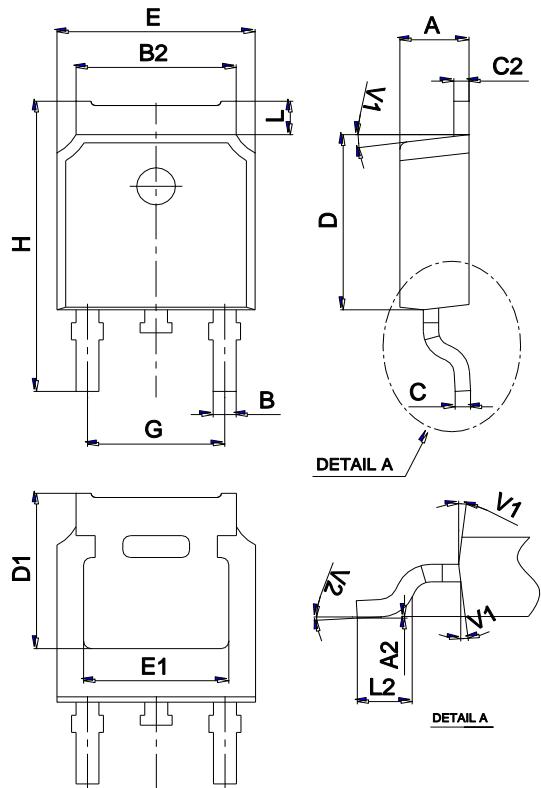


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current



## Package Mechanical Data TO-252



Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	2.10		2.50	0.083		0.098
A2	0		0.10	0		0.004
B	0.66		0.86	0.026		0.034
B2	5.18		5.48	0.202		0.216
C	0.40		0.60	0.016		0.024
C2	0.44		0.58	0.017		0.023
D	5.90		6.30	0.232		0.248
D1	5.30REF			0.209REF		
E	6.40		6.80	0.252		0.268
E1	4.63			0.182		
G	4.47		4.67	0.176		0.184
H	9.50		10.70	0.374		0.421
L	1.09		1.21	0.043		0.048
L2	1.35		1.65	0.053		0.065
V1		7°			7°	
V2	0°		6°	0°		6°

## Ordering information

Order code	Package	Baseqty	Delivery mode
IRFR3709ZTR	TO-252	2500	Tape and reel