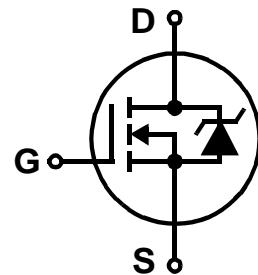


Description

The D-PAK is designed for surface mounting using vapor phase, infrared, or wave soldering techniques. Power dissipation levels up to 1.5 watts are possible in typical surface mount applications.

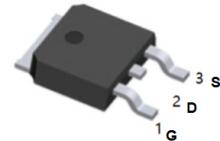


Features

V_{DS} (V) = 55V

I_D = 17A (V_{GS} = 10V)

$R_{DS(ON)}$ = 75mΩ (V_{GS} = 10V)



TO-252(DPAK) top view

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	17	A
I_D @ T_C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	12	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①⑥	68	
P_D @ T_C = 25°C	Power Dissipation	45	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.30	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②⑥	71	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	10	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	4.5	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③⑥	5.0	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	

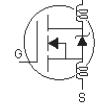
Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{θJC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	3.3	°C/W
$R_{θJA}$	Case-to-Ambient (PCB mount)**	—	50	
$R_{θJA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	110	

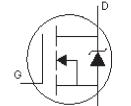
** When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).

For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.052	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.075	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 10\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	4.5	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 10\text{A}$ ⑥
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 55V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 44V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	20	nC	$I_D = 10\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.3		$V_{DS} = 44V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	7.6		$V_{GS} = 10V$, See Fig. 6 and 13 ④⑥
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	4.9	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 28V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	34	—		$I_D = 10\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	19	—		$R_G = 24\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	27	—		$R_D = 2.6\Omega$, See Fig. 10 ④
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact ⑤
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	370	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	140	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	65	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	17 ③	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	68		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 10\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	56	83	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 10\text{A}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	120	180	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④⑥
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11)
 ② $V_{DD} = 25V$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 1.0\text{mH}$
 $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 10\text{A}$. (See Figure 12)
 ③ $I_{SD} \leq 10\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 280\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$,
 $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

⑤ This is applied for I-PAK, L_S of D-PAK is measured between lead and center of die contact.

⑥ Uses IRFZ24N data and test conditions.

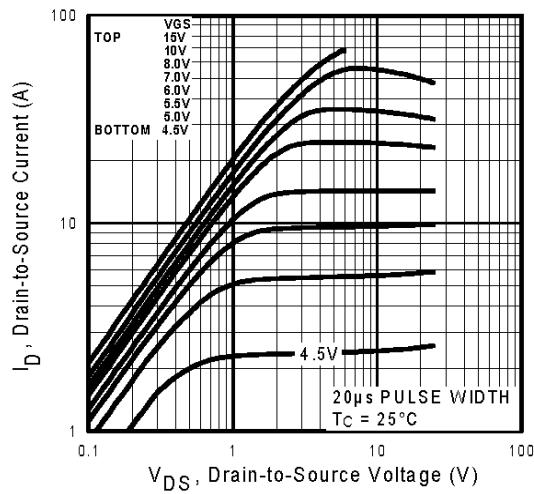


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

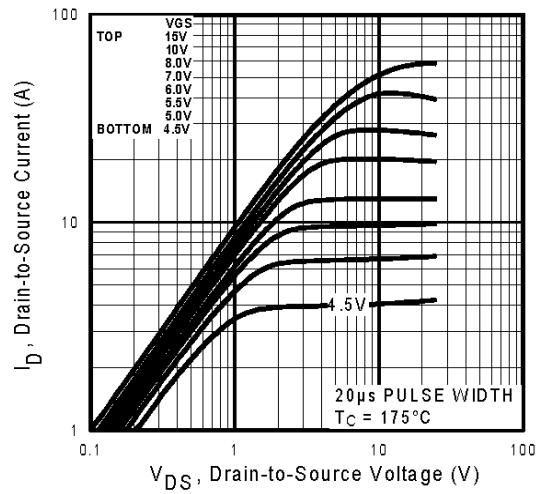


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

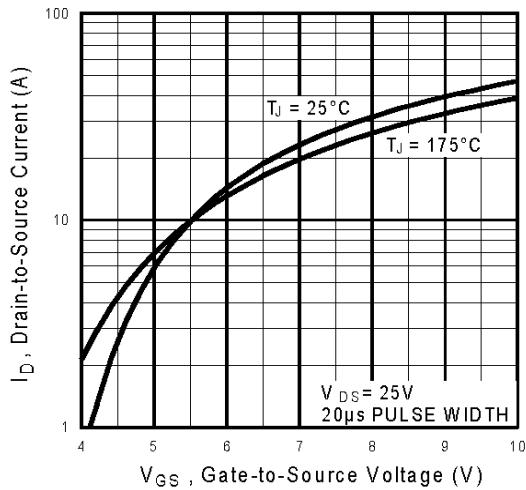


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

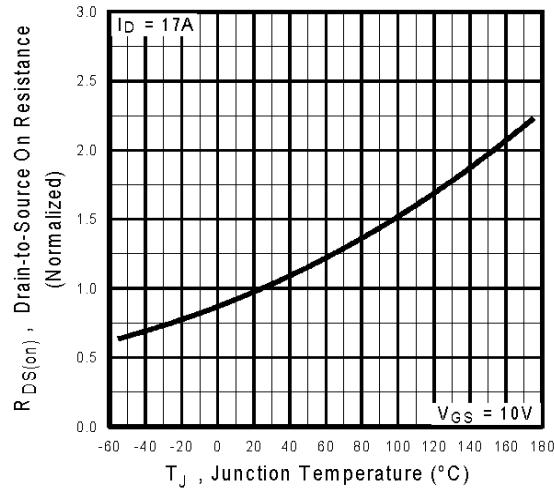


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance
Vs. Temperature

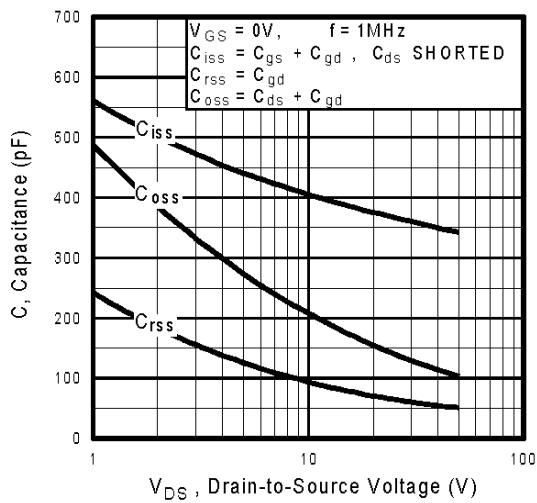


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

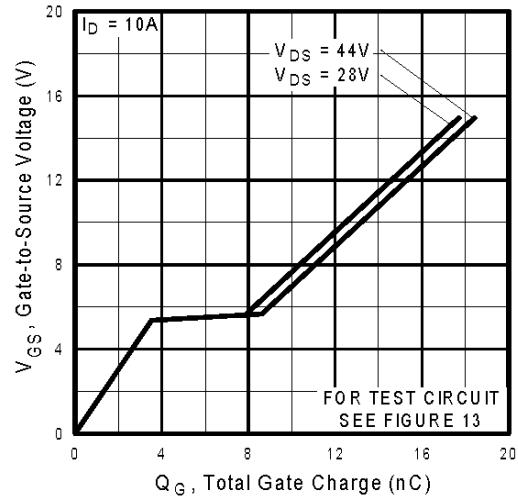


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

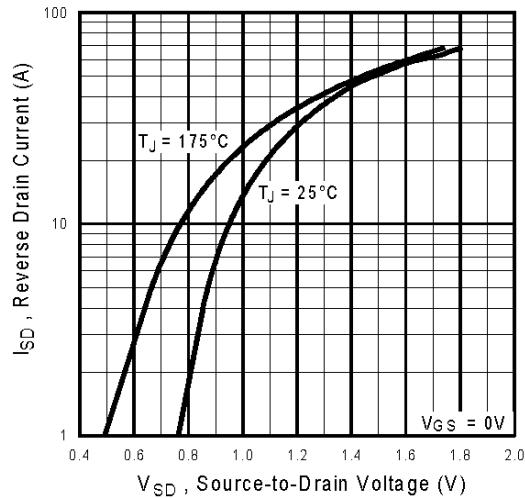


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

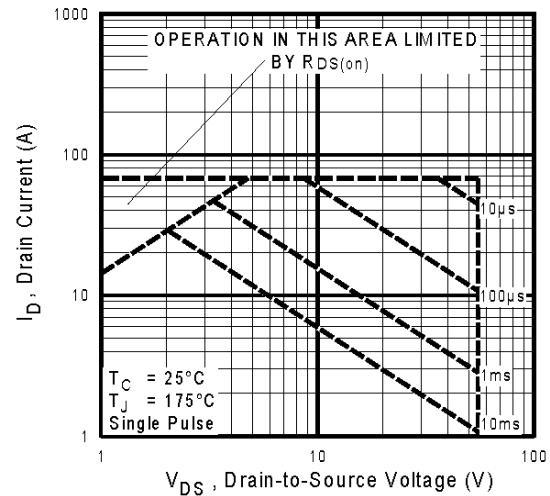


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

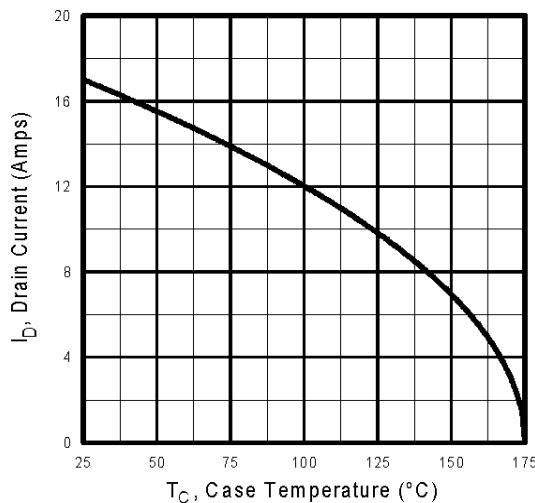


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

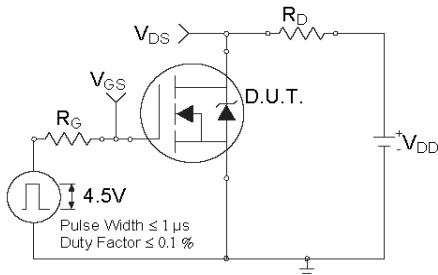


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

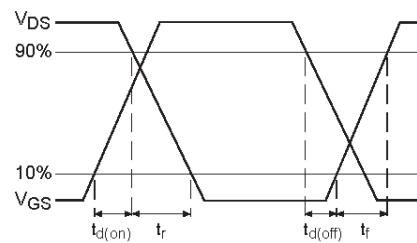


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

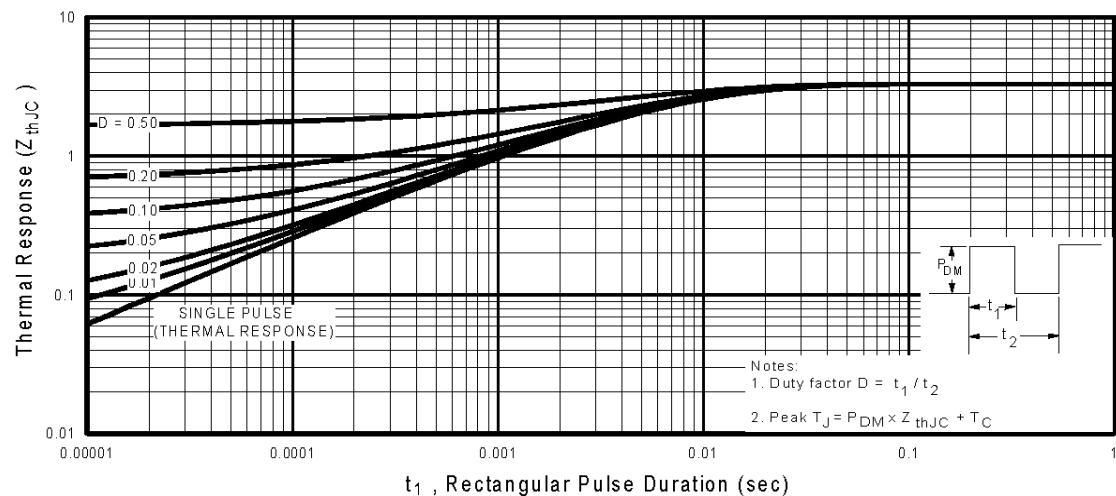


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

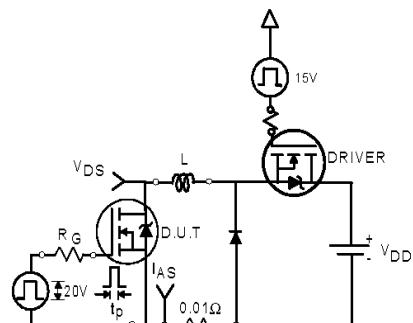


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

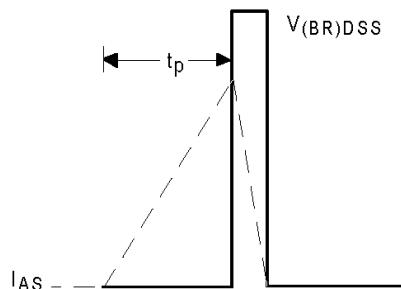


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

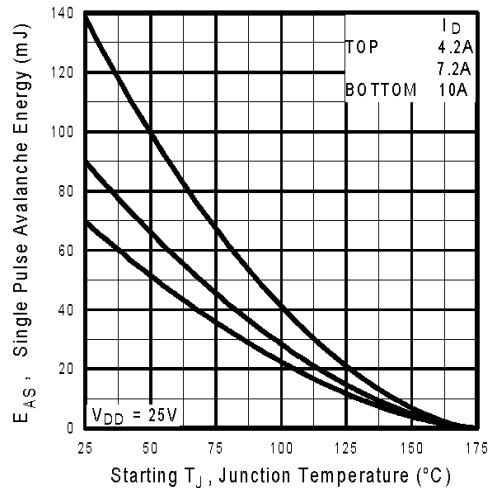


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

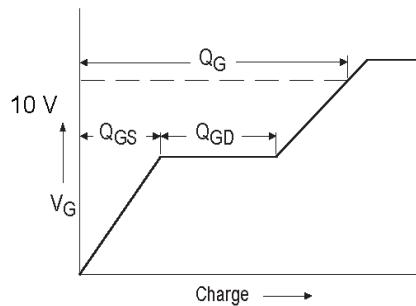


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

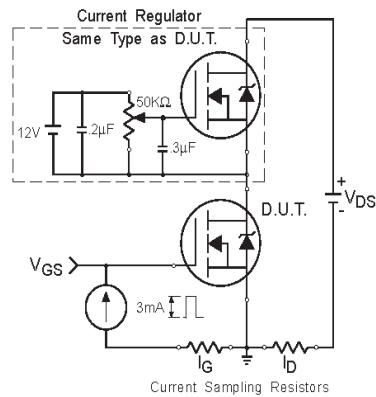
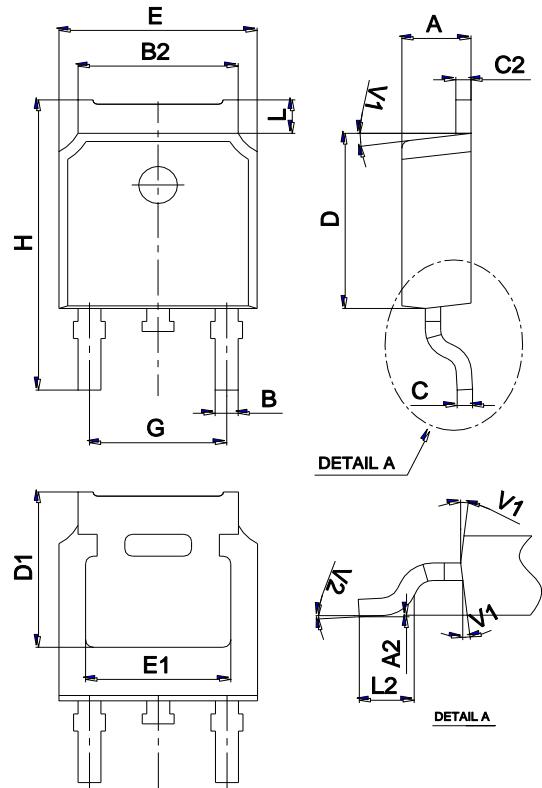


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Package Mechanical Data TO-252



Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	2.10		2.50	0.083		0.098
A2	0		0.10	0		0.004
B	0.66		0.86	0.026		0.034
B2	5.18		5.48	0.202		0.216
C	0.40		0.60	0.016		0.024
C2	0.44		0.58	0.017		0.023
D	5.90		6.30	0.232		0.248
D1	5.30REF			0.209REF		
E	6.40		6.80	0.252		0.268
E1	4.63			0.182		
G	4.47		4.67	0.176		0.184
H	9.50		10.70	0.374		0.421
L	1.09		1.21	0.043		0.048
L2	1.35		1.65	0.053		0.065
V1		7°			7°	
V2	0°		6°	0°		6°

Ordering information

Order code	Package	Baseqty	Delivery mode
IRFR024NTR	TO-252	2500	Tape and reel